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PCT/GB99/03581
International Application No.

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Name of receiving Office and "PCT International Application"

Applicant's or agent's file reference

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	"Exhaust Gas Cooler"								
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3 This invention relates to an exhaust gas cooler for reducing the temperature of exhaust gases from internal 4 5 combustion engines. In particular the invention relates to an exhaust gas cooler in which a coolant is 7 passed around passages through which the exhaust gas 8 travels. Figs. 1a to 1c show a known exhaust gas cooler. 10 prior art cooler comprises a circular tube 1 which has 11 tapered ends 2 which serve as entry 3 and exit 4 12 orifices for exhaust gases. The orifices are provided 13 with flange plates 10 for connection to exhaust pipes. 14 15 The ends of the tube are sealed by circular tube plates 16 5 which define a coolant chamber inside the tube. 17 tube plate 5 has a number of circular holes 6 arranged 18 through it. The holes 6 in each tube plate 5 are 19 connected by a number of small diameter tubes 7 which 20 are sealed at one end to the first tube plate and at 21 the other end to the second tube plate. Exhaust gases 22 flow into the entry orifice 3, along the inside of the 23 small diameter tubes 7 and out of the exit orifice 4. 24 The exterior of the tube is provided with entry and

exit nozzles 8, 9 which communicate with the coolant

Exhaust Gas Cooler

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chamber for the supply of coolant liquid. A bracket 11 1 is fixed to the tube for mounting the exhaust gas 2 cooler. 3 Similar prior art exhaust gas coolers are known for 5 example from US Patent No 4,685,292. In all the prior 6 art coolers the tubes which carry the exhaust gases are 7 arranged within a cooling chamber of circular cross-8 This results in exhaust gas coolers which are section. 9 bulky and inefficient in their use of space and do not 10 fit easily within the frequently cramped engine layout. 11 It is an object of the present invention to provide an 12 exhaust gas cooler which is more compact in shape and 13 yet provides flow characteristics comparable or 14 superior to prior art gas coolers. 15 16 According to a first aspect of the present invention 17 there is provided an exhaust gas cooler comprising: 18 an external tube having first and second end walls 19 within said tube, said external tube and end walls 20 defining a coolant chamber between said end walls and 21 first and second exhaust gas chambers outside said 22 first and second end walls respectively, 23 coolant inlet and outlet means communicating with 24 25 said coolant chamber, a plurality of internal tubes extending from said 26 first end wall to said second end wall and arranged 27 such that the interior of each internal tube 28 communicates with said first and second exhaust gas 29 30 chambers, and exhaust gas inlet and outlet means communicating 31 with said first and second exhaust gas chambers 32 respectively, 33 wherein the external tube has a cross-sectional shape 34 which has a height in the major axis which is greater 35 than its width in the minor axis perpendicular to the 36

major axis. 1 2 Preferably the cross-sectional shape of the external 3 tube is substantially oval, most preferably it 4 comprises two semi-circles connected by common straight 5 line tangents parallel to the major axis. Such a 6 cross-sectional shape means that the exterior tube has 7 a planar face which simplifies the fitting of mounting brackets and placement within an engine compartment. 9 An oval shape offers advantages over rectangular cross-10 sectional shapes, since the tube is less prone to 11 12 cracking, and sharp re-entrant angles in the tube are 13 avoided, reducing stress concentration. 14 Preferably the internal tubes are circular in cross-15 It has been found that circular tubes are 16 less prone to clogging with particles carried by the 17 exhaust gases than rectangular tubes, because they do 18 not present internal corners in which particulate 19 matter can collect. 20 21 Preferably the internal tubes are arranged in a 22 hexagonal close packed arrangement, such that each 23 internal tube is spaced by the same spacing from its 24 closest neighbouring internal tubes. Preferably the 25 spacing is less than 2 mm, most preferably less than 1 26 Preferably the spacing is between 10% and 20% of 27 the diameter of the tubes. 28 29 Preferably the exhaust gas cooler is made from 30 stainless steel. 31 32 Preferably each of the exhaust gas inlet and outlet 33 means comprises a flange plate adapted to connect to a 34 corresponding flange plate on a connecting exhaust pipe 35 and having an aperture therein to permit the through

flow of exhaust gases. Preferably each of said first 1 2 and second exhaust gas chambers is further defined by a 3 tapering cylindrical member extending from said aperture to said external tube. 4 5 6 Preferably the coolant inlet and outlet means comprise 7 tubular pipes adapted to be connected to a coolant 8 hose, most preferably extending substantially in the plane containing the longitudinal axis of the external 9 10 tube and the major axis of the cross-section of the 11 external tube. Preferably the coolant inlet means is located adjacent to one of the first and second end 12 13 walls and the coolant outlet means is located adjacent 14 to the other of the first and second end walls. 15 Preferably the coolant inlet and outlet means extend 16 from opposite sides of the external tube. 17 18 Preferably a longitudinally extending portion of the 19 coolant chamber adjacent to each of the coolant inlet 20 and outlet means has no internal tubes extending therethrough, such that it forms a coolant passage 21 22 having an unobstructed area. This may be achieved by 23 omitting a row of internal tubes from the close-packed 24 arrangement at the top and bottom of the external tube. 25 Preferably the unobstructed area has a minimum 26 transverse dimension greater than the diameter of an 27 internal tube. Preferably the unobstructed area of 28 each passage extends over at least 10% of the internal 29 height of the external tube, most preferably at least 30 15%. 31 32 An embodiment of the invention will now be described, 33 by way of example only, with reference to the 34 accompanying figures, where: 35

Figs. 1a, 1b, and 1c are a side elevation, a partial

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sectional view on line A-A, and an end elevation of a 1 2 prior art exhaust gas cooler; 3 4 Fig. 2 is a side elevation of an exhaust gas cooler 5 according to a first aspect of the invention; 6 7 Fig. 3 is an end elevation of the device of Fig. 2; and 8 9 Fig. 4 is a sectional view on line B-B of the device of 10 Fig. 2. 11 12 Referring to Figs. 2 to 4 there is shown an exhaust gas cooler according to the invention. 13 The cooler comprises an external cylindrical tube 20 whose cross-14 15 section comprises two semi-circular portions 21, 22 16 connected by two tangential portions 23, 24. At each 17 end of the tube are fixed tapered cap portions 25a, 25b which are adapted to fit over the end of the tube and 18 19 be fastened by suitable means such as welding. At the 20 narrow end of the tapered cap portion 25a, 25b is a 21 flange plate 26 provided with two holes 27 for 22 attachment to a corresponding flange plate (not shown) 23 in order to secure the cooler to an exhaust pipe or 24 line (not shown). The flange plates 26 also each 25 contain a larger hole which serves as entry 28 or exit 29 orifices for exhaust gases. 26 27 28 The ends of the tube 20 are sealed internally by two 29 oval tube plates 30a, 30b, whose shape corresponds to the internal profile of the tube 20. The volume 30 bounded by the tube 20 and plates 30a, 30b forms a 31 32 coolant chamber 31 inside the tube. Each volume 33 bounded by the tube cap 25a, 25b and the respective 34 plate 30a, 30b forms an exhaust gas chamber 39a, 39b 35 outside the coolant chamber 31 inside the tube.

tube plate 30a, 30b has 37 circular holes 32 arranged

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through it. The holes 32 are arranged in a close 1 hexagonal packing (CHP) pattern as shown in Fig. 4 in 9 2 rows of 3, 4 or 5 holes. The holes 32 in each tube 3 plate 30a, 30b are connected by 37 small diameter tubes 4 38 which are sealed at one end to the first tube plate 5 30a and at the other end to the second tube plate 30b. 6 7 It has been found that a CHP pattern maximises the flow 8 efficiency, while the particular arrangement of Fig. 4, 9 in which the three principal axes are arranged 10 perpendicular to and at 30° to the major axis 40 of the 11 tube 20 provides an optimum means of packing the 12 interior tubes within the exterior tube. 13 14 Exhaust gases flow into the entry orifice 28, along the 15 inside of the small diameter tubes 38 and out of the 16 exit orifice 29. The tubes 38 have a diameter of 17 between 5 and 8 mm, usually about 6.5 mm. 18 between the tubes is about 1 mm or less, so the tube 19 plate 30a does not present a significant obstruction to 20 21 flow of the exhaust gases. 22 Arranged at a first end of the exterior tube is a 23 cooling water inlet pipe 33 whose longitudinal axis is 24 in the same plane as the longitudinal axis 50 and the 25 major axis 40 of the exterior cylinder 20. In this way 26 the hose connections (not shown) will not extend 27 28 outside the envelope defined by the width W of the exterior tube 20. Similarly at the second end of the 29 exterior tube 20 is a cooling water outlet pipe 34 30 whose axis is in the same plane as that of the inlet 31 pipe 33. The inlet and outlet pipes 33, 34 each 32 33 communicate with the coolant chamber 31 for the supply of coolant liquid. As coolant passes from the inlet 33 34

to the outlet 34 and exhaust gases pass along the small

diameter tubes 38, heat transfer takes place from the

1 . exhaust gas via the surfaces of the small diameter 2 tubes 38 to the cooling water. 3 The inlet 33 and outlet 34 join the exterior tube at opposite ends of the tube. In the embodiment 5 illustrated both the inlet and outlet pipes 33, 34 7 incorporate a 90° bend, so that the hose connections to the ends 35 of the pipes 33, 34 may be made parallel to 8 9 the longitudinal axis 50 of the tube. It is to be understood that either of the inlet or outlet pipes 33, 10 34 may be straight so that the hose connections to the 11 12 ends 35 may be made perpendicular to the longitudinal axis 50 of the tube, or that either of the inlet or 13 outlet pipes 33, 34 may incorporate a bend of an 14 15 intermediate angle less than 90°. Either of the inlet 16 or outlet pipes 33, 34 may be reversed so that the open 17 end 35 faces towards the centre of the exhaust gas 18 cooler, instead of facing away from the centre of the 19 exhaust gas cooler as shown in Fig. 2. 20 21 A mounting plate 45 is provided on one side of the 22 exhaust gas cooler, to enable the cooler to be secured 23 within an engine compartment. In the embodiment shown 24 the mounting plate has three leg portions 46 formed by 25 double bending of the plate. These serve to space the 26 exhaust gas cooler from the surface to which it is 27 mounted. Each leg portion 46 has a mounting hole 47 for a bolt or similar fastener. 28 29 30 The oval shape of the apparatus enables the exhaust gas 31 cooler of the invention to fit into much tighter spaces 32 in the engine compartment than prior art coolers, while 33 maintaining the benefits of closely packed tubes 34 forming the cooling core. The layout of the tubes in the cooler according to the invention is novel while 35

still maximising the efficiency of the gas and coolant

The cooler is highly resistant to corrosion due 1 to its stainless steel construction, and very robust 2 due to the absence of sharp corners on the exterior The flow patterns achieved in testing have shown tube. 4 that the arrangement provides a high resistance to 5 clogging from soot particles. 6 7 Although the invention shows a close packing 8 arrangement with 37 tubes, giving the same flow area as 9 prior art tubes, it is to be understood that other 10 arrangements are possible. For example additional rows 11 of tubes can be added, increasing the height H, without 12 increasing the width W of the exterior tube 20. 13 particular embodiment the top and bottom rows 60, 61 of 14 tubes may be omitted, which in effect provides enlarged 15 passages 62, 63 for coolant water at the top and bottom 16 of the coolant chamber. This arrangement has been 17 found to provide particularly advantageous flow 18 characteristics and exhaust gas cooler performance. 19 20 These and other modifications and improvements can be

21 incorporated without departing from the scope of the 22 23 invention.

CLAIMS

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3 1. An exhaust gas cooler comprising:

an external tube (20) having first and second end walls (30a, 30b) within said tube, said external tube and end walls defining a coolant chamber (31) between said end walls and first and second exhaust gas

chambers (39a, 39b) outside said first and second end walls (30a, 30b) respectively,

10 coolant inlet (33) and outlet (34) means 11 communicating with said coolant chamber (31),

a plurality of internal tubes (38) extending from said first end wall (30) to said second end wall (30) and arranged such that the interior of each internal tube (38) communicates with said first and second exhaust gas chambers (39a, 39b), and

exhaust gas inlet and outlet means (28, 29)
communicating with said first and second exhaust gas
chambers (39a, 39b) respectively,

wherein the external tube (20) has a cross-sectional shape which has a height (H) in the major axis (40) which is greater than its width (W) in the minor axis (41) perpendicular to the major axis.

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2. An exhaust gas cooler according to Claim 1, wherein the cross-sectional shape of the external tube (20) is substantially oval.

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3. An exhaust gas cooler according to Claim 1,
wherein the cross-sectional shape of the external tube
(20) comprises two semi-circles (21, 22) connected by
common straight line tangents (23, 24) parallel to the
major axis (40).

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4. An exhaust gas cooler according to any preceding claim, wherein the internal tubes (38) are circular in

1 cross-section.

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5. An exhaust gas cooler according to any preceding claim, wherein the internal tubes (38) are arranged in a hexagonal close packed arrangement, such that each internal tube (38) is spaced by the same spacing from

7 its closest neighbouring internal tubes.

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9 6. An exhaust gas cooler according to claim 5, 10 wherein the spacing between adjacent internal tubes 11 (38) is less than 2 mm.

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7. An exhaust gas cooler according to claim 5 or 6, wherein the spacing between adjacent internal tubes (38) is between 10% and 20% of the diameter of the tubes.

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8. An exhaust gas cooler according to any preceding claim, wherein the exhaust gas cooler is made from stainless steel.

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9. An exhaust gas cooler according to any preceding claim, wherein each of the exhaust gas inlet (28) and outlet (29) means comprises a flange plate (26) adapted to connect to a corresponding flange plate on a connecting exhaust pipe and having an aperture therein to permit the through flow of exhaust gases.

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10. An exhaust gas cooler according to any preceding claim, wherein the coolant inlet (33) and outlet (34) means comprise tubular pipes adapted to be connected to a coolant hose and extending substantially in the plane containing the longitudinal axis (50) of the external tube and the major axis (40) of the cross-section of the external tube.

- 1 11. An exhaust gas cooler according to Claim 10,
- wherein the coolant inlet means (33) is located
- 3 adjacent to one of the first and second end walls (30a,
- 4 30b) and the coolant outlet means (34) is located
- 5 adjacent to the other of the first and second end walls
- 6 (30a, 30b).

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- 8 12. An exhaust gas cooler according to Claim 10 or 11,
- 9 wherein the coolant inlet means (33) is located at one
- 10 side of the external tube (2) on the major axis (40)
- and the coolant outlet means (33) is located on the
- diametrically opposite side of the external tube (2) on
- 13 the major axis (40).

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- 15 13. An exhaust gas cooler according to any preceding
- 16 claim, wherein each of said first and second exhaust
- 17 gas chambers (39a, 39b) is further defined by a
- 18 tapering cylindrical member (25) extending from said
- 19 aperture to said external tube.

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- 21 14. An exhaust gas cooler according to any preceding
- 22 claim, wherein a longitudinally extending portion of
- 23 the coolant chamber (31) adjacent to the coolant inlet
- 24 means (33) has no internal tubes (38) extending
- 25 therethrough, such that it forms a coolant passage (63)
- 26 having an unobstructed area.

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- 28 15. An exhaust gas cooler according to any preceding
- 29 claim, wherein a longitudinally extending portion of
- 30 the coolant chamber (31) adjacent to the coolant outlet
- 31 means (34) has no internal tubes (38) extending
- therethrough, such that it forms a coolant passage (62)
- 33 having an unobstructed area.

- 35 16. An exhaust gas cooler according to claim 14 or 15,
- 36 wherein the unobstructed area has a minimum transverse

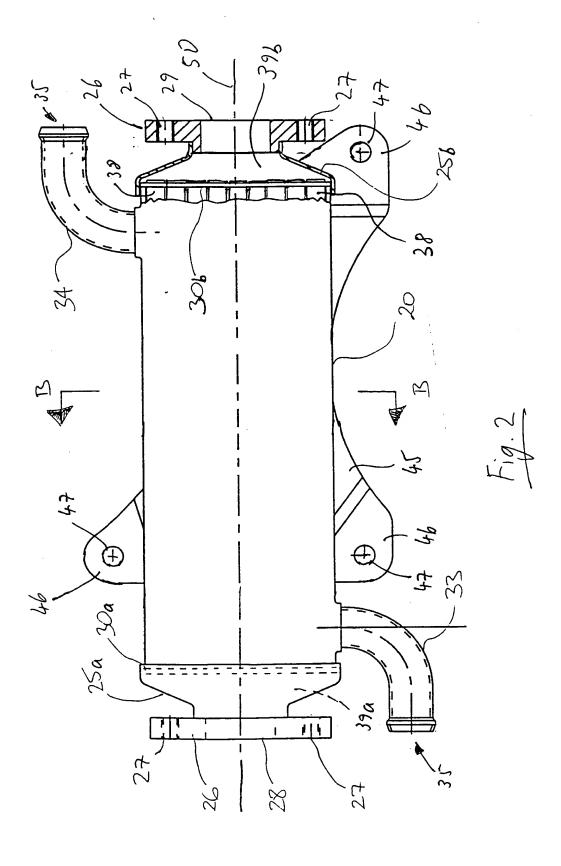
- dimension greater than the diameter of an internal tube
- 2 (38).

ABSTRACT

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An exhaust gas cooler for reducing the temperature of 2 exhaust gases from internal combustion engines, 3 comprising an external tube (20) extending between two 4 tube plates (30a, 30b) or end walls and defining a 5 coolant chamber (31), coolant inlet and outlet means 6 (33, 34) communicating with the coolant chamber, and a 7 plurality of internal tubes (38) extending between the 8 end walls and arranged to carry the exhaust gas through 9 the coolant chamber. The external tube (20) has a 10 cross-sectional shape which has a height (H) in the 11 major axis which is greater than its width (W) in the 12 minor axis perpendicular to the major axis, preferably 13 oval, or comprising two semi-circles (21, 22) connected 14 by common straight line tangents (23, 24) parallel to 15 the major axis. Such a cross-sectional shape means 16 that the exterior tube (20) has a planar face (23, 24) 17 which simplifies the fitting of mounting brackets and 18 placement within an engine compartment. 19

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